3D mapping of the Solar Neighbourhood with Gaia DR2

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The Gould Belt

- OB type stars cluster in loose groups
 - → OB associations.
- They seem to form a belt.
- Giant molecular clouds are found to be related to the most prominent OB associations.

Formation scenarios:

- oblique impact of high velocity cloud on the Galactic Disk (Comeron & Torra, 1992; Comeron et al., 1998)
- cascades of supernova explosions
- (Poppel, 1997)





Goals

- trace the three dimensional configuration of the Solar Neighbourhood, focusing on young groups and OB associations.

- derive the kinematic properties and the star formation history of the Solar Neighbourhood.



Selecting young stars in Gaia



Colour-magnitude diagram of the Orion region

Selecting young stars in Gaia: UMS



Colour-magnitude diagram of the Orion region

Selecting young stars in Gaia: PMS



Colour-magnitude diagram of the Orion region

Extinction correction



0.1

0

Extinction correction





We select stars younger than 20 Myr

Tangential velocities

Members of clusters and associations share the same spatial velocity + small velocity dispersion.



3D mapping of PMS stars 350. **Galactic Rotation** 500. 175. Z (pc) 0.00 250. -175. -350. ↓ -500. -250. Y (pc) 0.00 350. 175. -250. Z (pc) 0.00 -175. -500, ÷ -500, -350. ⊢ -500. -250. -250. 250. 500. 0.00 Y (pc) X (pc)

0.00

0.00

Х (рс)

250.

250.

500.

500.

Galactic Centre

3D mapping of UMS stars



Ages of PMS stars



(Preliminary) Conclusions

We combined Gaia DR2 astrometry and photometry to study the 3D configuration of young stars within d = 500 pc.

We create 3D density maps of UMS and PMS stars. Check this out! http://galaxymap.org/dr2/

Three main structures are visible: Sco-Cen, Vela, and Orion (and other smaller density enhancements).



We study the ages of PMS sources confirming previous results.

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Is there a Gould Belt?

We find no evidence of a Belt-like structure!

